

# Language Arts

The Gingerbread Man

#### **CCSS**

• <a href="CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.2.5">CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.2.5</a> Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action.

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- <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.2.7</u> Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or
- plot.

•

 <u>CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.2.2</u> Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message, lesson, or moral

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#### **Essential Questions:**

 Do stories need a beginning, middle, and end? Why?

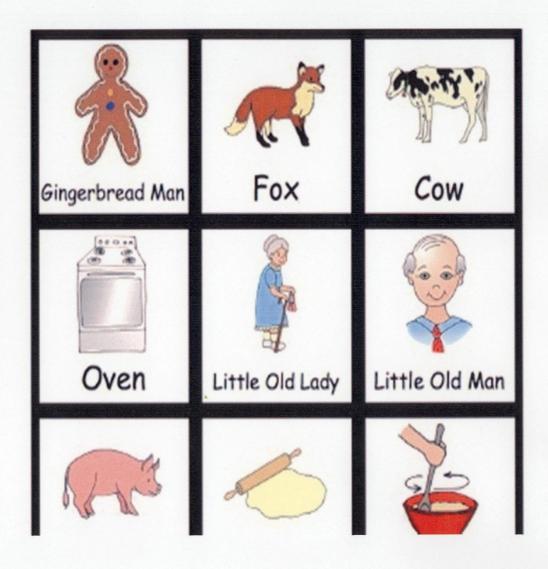
 What happens in the beginning, in the middle and at the end of the story, The Gingerbread Man?

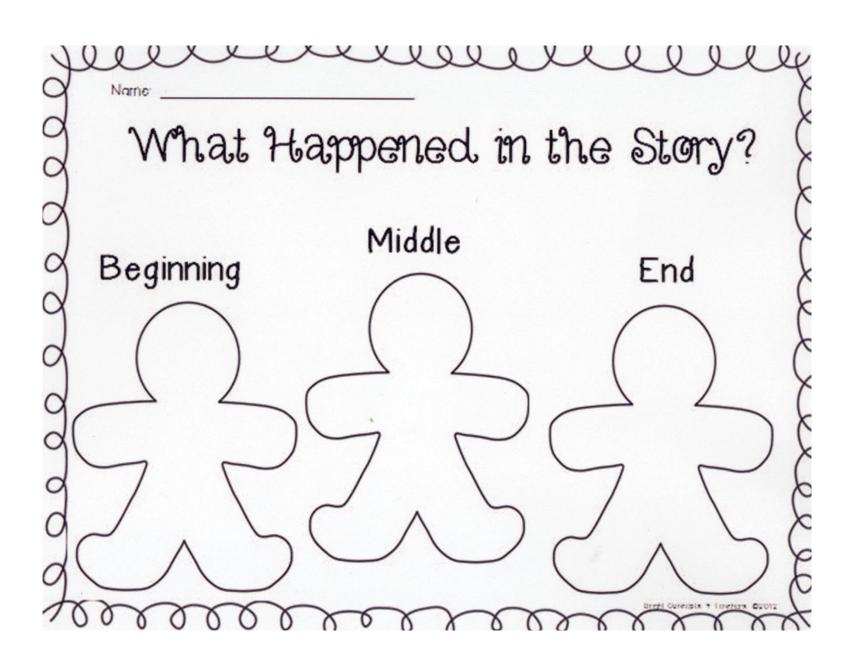
# Lesson Plan

Name: Priscilla Chaney	Plan Title: Gingerbread Man	Date	Grade Level: 2nd
	Language Arts		
Objective(s)	Procedure	Materials	Assessment/Evaluation
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.2.5	Reading & Writing Workshop Method		
Describe the overall			Partner/Group discussion
structure of a story,	Essential Question:		
including describing how	Do stories need a beginning, middle, and		Reading & Writing Prompt
the beginning introduces	end? Why?		Responses
the story and the ending			
concludes the action.	What happens in the beginning, in the middle		
	and at the end of the story, The Gingerbread		Ticket out the door
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.2.7	Man?		response
Use information gained		Y17	
from the illustrations and	Anticipatory Set: Activate Prior Knowledge	What is Gingerbread?	
words in a print or digital	What is gingerbread?	(Wikipedia definition)	Completed graphic
text to demonstrate understanding of its	Gingerbread is a type of cake or cookie flavored with ginger and molasses. Ginger is the root of a		organizers
- C	tropical plant, used as a spice for flavor		
characters, setting, or plot.	food. Molasses is a thick, sweet dark brown		
piot.	syrup made from sugar cane.		
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.2.2	syrup made from sugar cane.		
Recount stories, including	Gingerbread man is a biscuit or cookie made of		
fables and folktales from	gingerbread, usually in the shape of a		
diverse cultures, and	human. These originated in England, and have		
determine their central	been adapted to various seasonal themes and		
message, lesson, or moral	holidays, such as Christmas, Halloween or Easter.		
	,		
	Introduction:		
	Introduce title and outhor Diagram the cover and		
	Introduce title and author; Discuss the cover and		
	make predictions about what the story might be about and whether it is real or fictional.		
	about and whether it is real or nethonal.		
	Modeling: Best Practice Optimal Learning	m	
		The Gingerbread Man	

#### **Vocabulary Definitions**

- 1. sly- cunning or wily: sly as a fox.
- 2.riverbank- the slopes bordering a river; bank of a river
- 3.chanting- a song; singing
- 4. **dough** flour or meal combined with water, milk, etc., in a mass for baking into bread, cake, etc.; paste of bread.
- 5.cottage- a small house, usually of only one story
- 6.**gingerbread** a type of cake or cookie flavored with ginger and molasses.

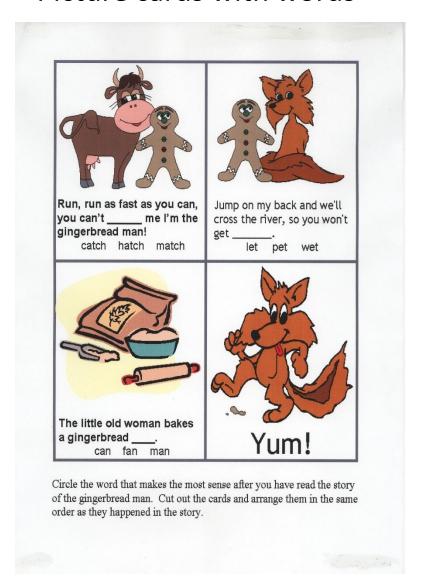


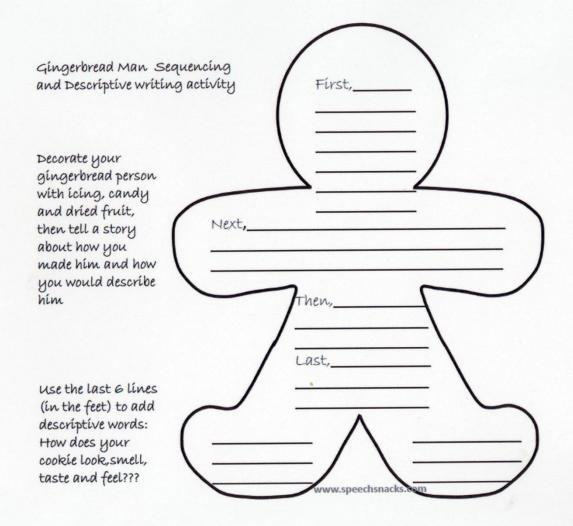


#### Picture cards



#### Picture cards with words



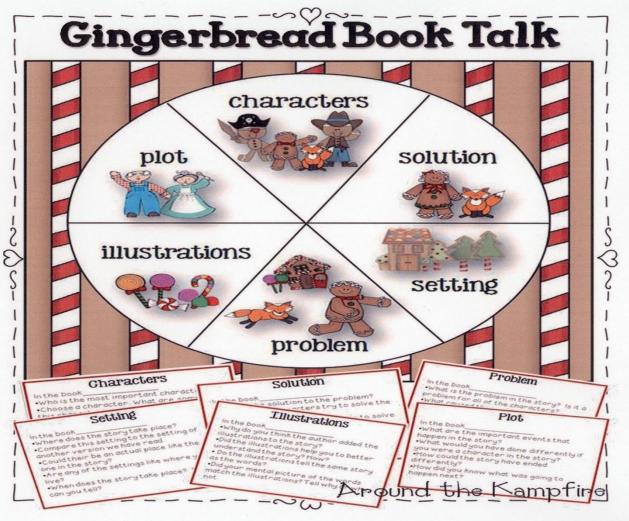


#### **Writing Connections:**

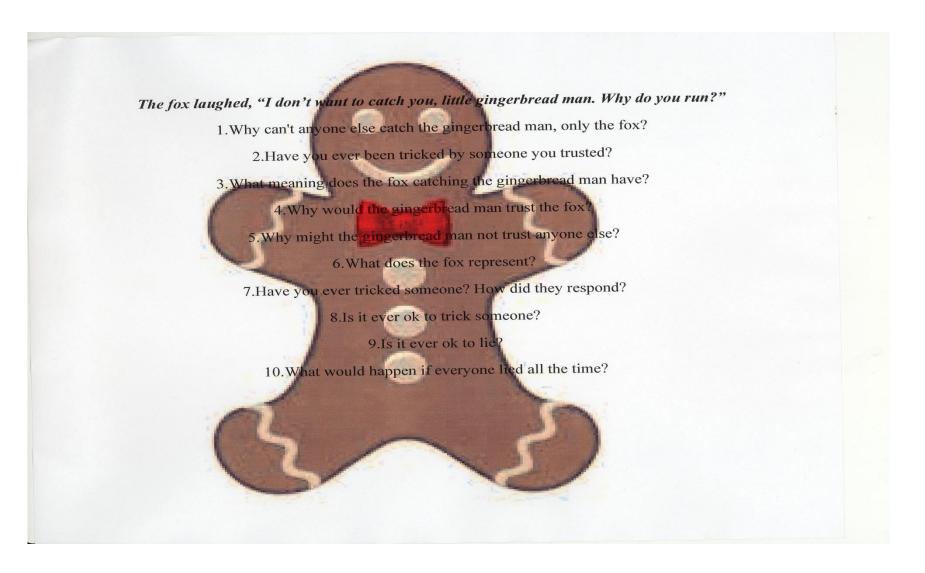
#### Some Journal Topics!

- Why do you think the Gingerbread Man ran and ran?
- How did the old lady and old man feel at the end of the story?
- What would you do to catch the Gingerbread Man?
- You see the Gingerbread Man talking to the Fox. What would you do? What would you say?
- Do you think the Fox should have eaten the Gingerbread Man? Why?
- What if the last animal he saw when he was running was not a Fox but a dog. What do you think would happen in the end?

#### Additional Activities:



#### **Reading Response Prompts**



#### "Run, run, as fast as you can, you cant catch me, I'm the Gingerbread man."

- 1. Why would the gingerbread man run?
- 2. How is the gingerbread man arrogant?
- 3. When are we like the gingerbread man?
- 4. Why would he not stop and listen to the old lady and the man?? Why would he stop for the fox?
  - 5. Have you ever been like the gingerbread man?
  - 6. How might things have been different if the gingerbread man stopped and listened?
    - 7. Why might the gingerbread man feel the need to list who he outran?
      - 8.Is it ever ok to brag?
      - 9. Does this aid in the gingerbread man's undoing?

# MATH??

It's About
"TIME" !!!!



#### 1.MD.3

Tell and write time in hours and half-hours using analogand digital clocks



Name:	Name of Unit:	Date:	Grade
Martha	The Gingerbread Man	July 19, 2013	Level: First
Moore Objective	Procedures	Materials	Evaluation
1MD-B	The teacher will ask the essential questions: What is a clock used for? What are the two hands on a clock called?	Digital	Student
1MD-B3	The teacher will ask the essential questions. What is a clock used for two mands of a clock cancer.	clock	Observati
The	Have students to look at a clock and identify the hour that is shown on the clock. Have students to write the time.	Analog	on
students		clock	Teacher
will tell	Input: (Teaching) (Explain what the objective is and why it is important) The teacher will:	Dry	Made Test
time to the	*Have students to tell some of the reasons it is good to know how to tell time *Have students to tell the hour and minute hand on the clock *Have students to know that there are 24 hours in a day *Have students to know that	Erase	
hour and	each time is done twice in a day *Tell students that time is told in a.m. and p.m. *Have students to know that a.m is	Board	
half-hour	in the morning and that p.m. is in the afternoon		
intervals	•		
using both	Modeling: TTW display a large analog clock. TTW model certain times on the clock indicating times to the hour and half hour. TTW set times on the clock and allow students to volunteer and tell her the time that is shown.		
digital and	The teacher will display a bag with different times in it. Students will be asked on a volunteer basis to come up and pull a		
analog	time out of the bag. Once the time is pulled, students will be asked to model the time on a large clock that is provided.		
clocks. (DOK 1)	TTW also:		
(DOK 1)	11 w also:		
The	<ul> <li>Give students a situation and ask is the time is a.m. or p.m.</li> </ul>		
students	<ul> <li>Have students to write time on the board</li> </ul>		
will recognize	<ul> <li>Tell students that we can go an hour from the time shown</li> </ul>		
and apply mathematics	<ul> <li>Tell students that one hour from a given time means that the minute hand moves around the clock one time back to twelve</li> </ul>		
in contexts	<ul> <li>Show students the time 1:00, model one hour later by moving hand one time around the clock</li> </ul>		
outside of mathematic	Ask students to tell the time		ļ
s(Best	Check for understanding:		
Practices/p p. 166)	Practices/p Have students to look at the clock's face and tell the time, have students to show the time one hour from time shown		
	man, what time will it be when he makes it to him? Students will work in small group answering and writing a rationale to other questions like the example given.  Closing: (Reflection of lesson) Students will explain what the hands on the clock mean.  Independent practice: The student will complete an activity in which they will have to show the times and then draw the time in hour and half hour.  Reteach Students will look at clock and identify the hour and minute hand on the clock. Students will be told that they always say the short hand first when telling time.		
	EnrichmentStudents will make a time booklet showing the things that are done at certain times a.m. and p.m.		

## **Essential Questions**



What are clocks used for?

What are the two hands on the clock called?

# Types of Clocks

#### **Digital Clock**

A *digital clock* is a type of clock that displays the time digitally.



#### **Analog Clock**

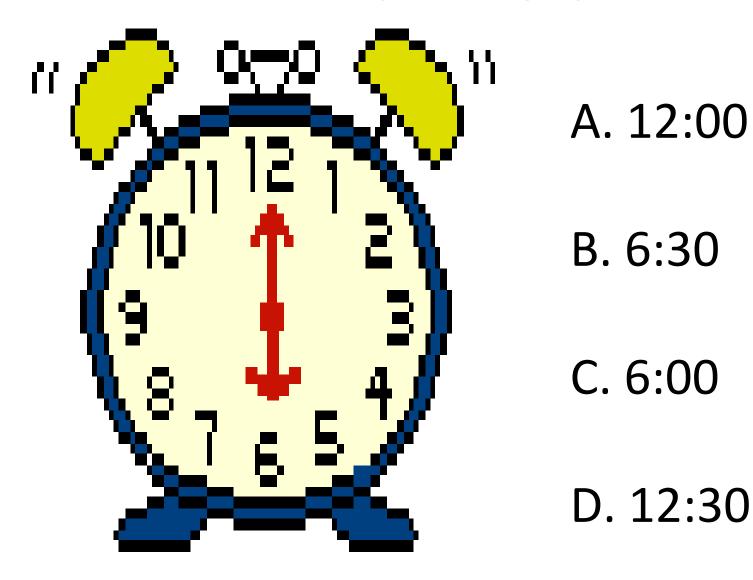


An analog clock display times using hands. Hands on the clock are called the minute hand and the hour hand.

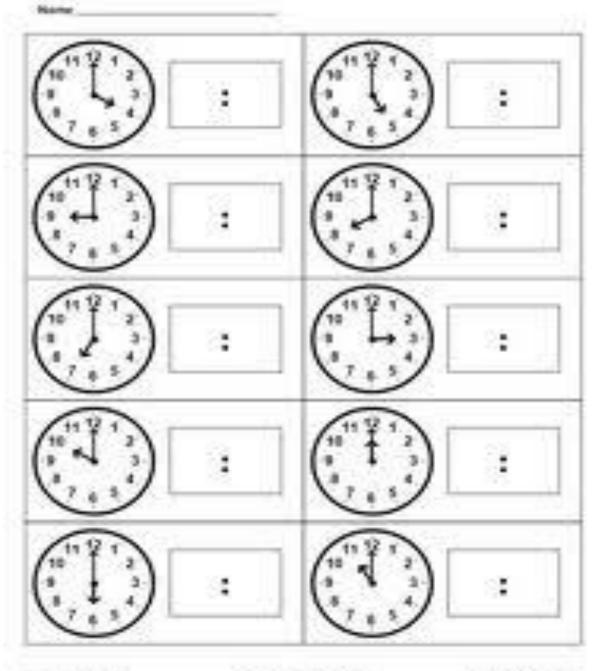
## **Important Facts**

- There are 60 seconds in a minute.
- There are 60 minutes in an hour.
- There are 30 minutes in a half hour.
- There are 24 hours in a day.

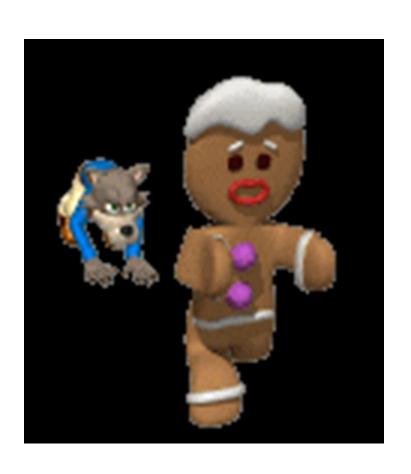
#### What time is it?



Let's try it!

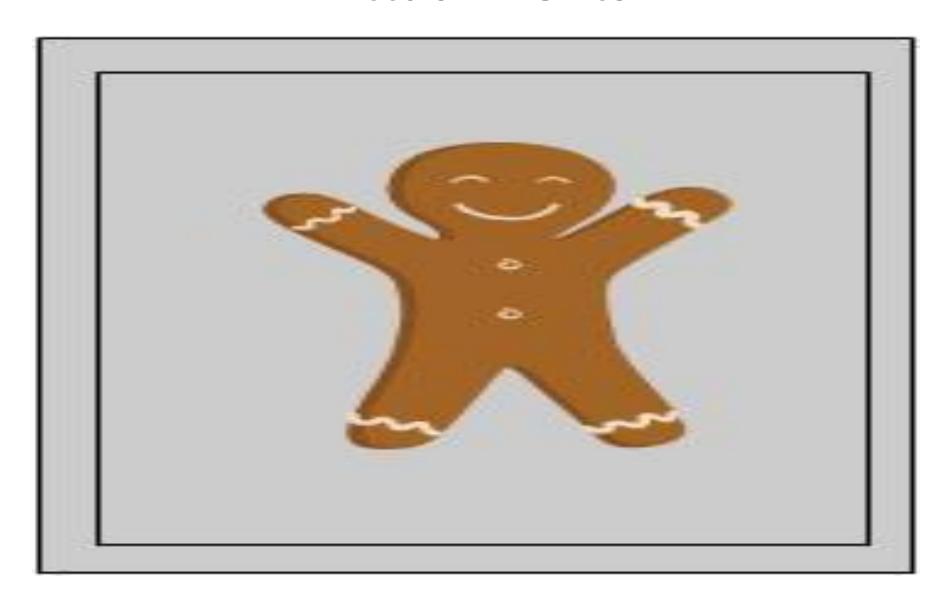


#### What time is it now?



- 1. If the gingerbread man ran through the kitchen at 1:00 o' clock and it took him 30 minutes to make it to the pig, what time will it be?
- 2. It took him an hour to run from the pig to the cow. What time did he make it to the cow?
- 3. After running past the cow he made it to the fox at 3:00. How much time did it take him to get from the cow to the fox?

## **Attachments**

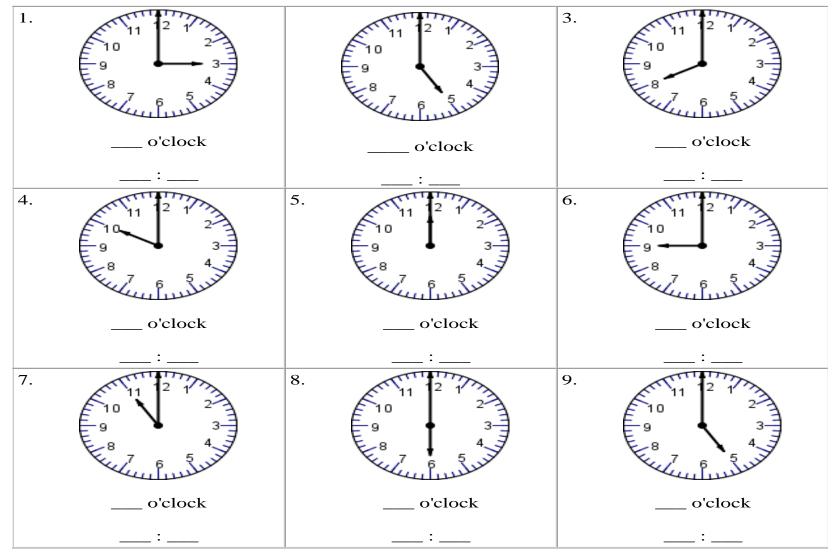


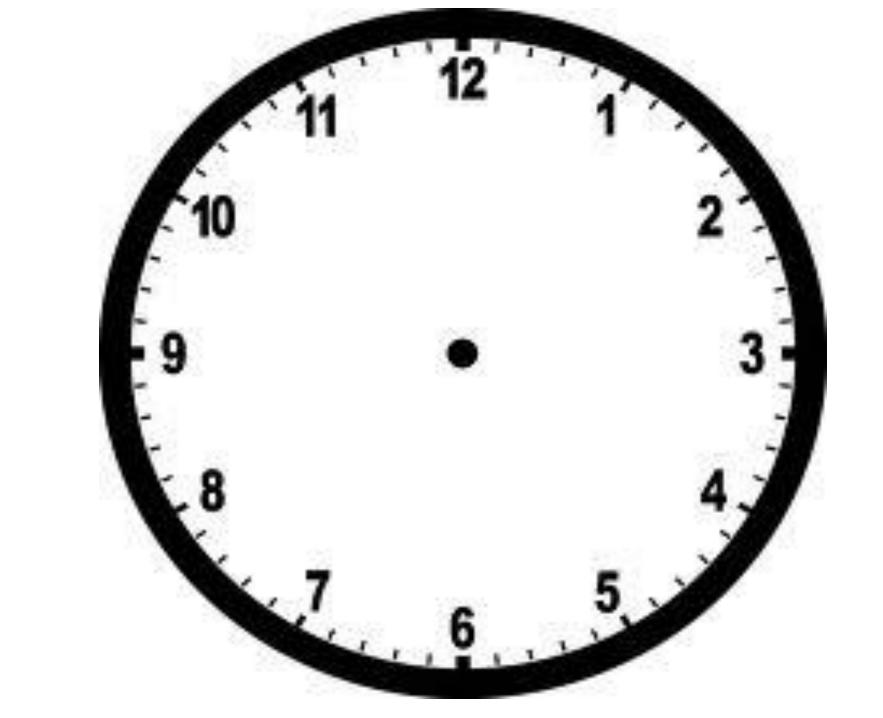
Name \_\_\_\_\_

Directions: Write the time in two different ways



#### TELLING TIME TO THE HOUR







Math Quiz on Telling Time/ Elasped Time

•	making brownies. They need to bake for 30 minutes. She put them in at 6:00 P.M. At what time should she take them out?
	00 P.M.
7:0	00 P.M.
7:3	30 P.M.
6:3	30 P.M.
Michigan	ane left the Memphis Airport at 9:30 A.M. and arrived at Detroit, at 10:30 A.M. How long did the trip take?
	hour
30	minutes
11	hour and 30 minutes
21	hours
B How long P.M.?	g did John sleep if he went to bed at 9:30 P.M., and got up at 10:00
21	hours and 20 minutes
91	hours and 20 minutes
91	hours and 40 minutes
01	hours and 30 minutes
	s. Stone leaves home at 6:00 A.M. and arrives at school at A.M., how long did it take her to get there?
	45 minutes
	30 minutes
	66 minutes
	50 minutes

# SCIENCE



# Science Objective

 SC1.a Formulate questions about objects and organisms and predict outcomes in order to conduct a simple investigation



#### **Essential Question**

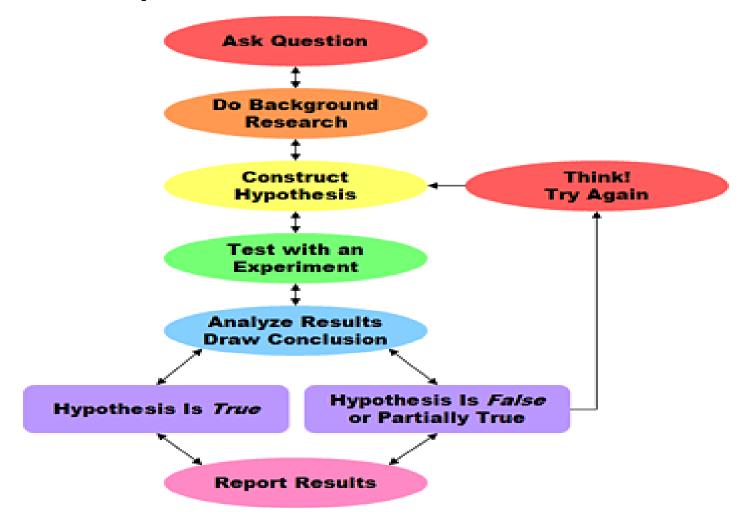
• What would have happened if the gingerbread man swam across the river by





Name:	Name of Unit:	Date:	Grade Level: 2
Katrina Parks	The Gingerbread Man	July 29, 2013	
Objective	Procedures	Materials	Evaluation
SC1.a Formulate questions about objects and organisms and predict outcomes in order to conduct a simple investigation	The teacher will: Present students with the Essential Question What would have happened if the Gingerbread Man swam across the river by himself?  Ask students to think about ways they could find out the answer to this question. Allow students to pair-share with their neighbor for 1 minute and discuss their answers to this question. After listening to given responses, explain that in order to find out the answer to a question, we can perform an experiment. Ask students to pair-share with their neighbor for 40 seconds and explain what they think an experiment is. Display the Scientific Method Chart. Explain each step of the Scientific Method.	Scientific Method Chart	Observation/Listening to reasoning
	<ul> <li>Ask Question</li> <li>Do Background Research</li> <li>Construct Hypothesis</li> <li>Test with an Experiment</li> <li>Analyze Results and Draw Conclusion</li> <li>Report Results</li> </ul>		Student responses listening
	Guided Practice: Guide students through a virtual implementation of the scientific method using the projector, computer, and whiteboard using the following website: <a href="http://studyjams.scholastic.com/studyjams/jams/science/scientific-inquiry/scientific-methods.htm">http://studyjams.scholastic.com/studyjams/jams/science/scientific-inquiry/scientific-methods.htm</a> Engage students in discussing each step as it is performed throughout the video.	Computer and projector	Student responses, listenin to reasoning
	Independent Practice: Draw student's attention to the essential question. Pair students, and inform them that they will implement the scientific method to answer the essential question. Give each pair of students a Gingerbread Science Experiment sheet, pencil, gingerbread cookie, and a bowl of water.  • Question: students will write the essential question  • Background Research: students will hold a verbal discussion about what they already know pertaining to a gingerbread cookie.  • Construct hypothesis: pairs will discuss what they think will happen and why they think so	Science Experiment sheet, Science Journal, pencil, gingerbread cookie, bowl of water	Science Journal
	<ul> <li>Experiment: conduct the experiment</li> <li>Analyze data and draw conclusion: students will make observations, record results, and draw conclusions. *Students are free to either write the information on the science journal or draw pictures to illustrate each portion. Students who choose to draw pictures must explain their journal entry as a means of reporting their results.*</li> <li>Report Results: each pair of students will report their findings to the class and explain if their hypothesis were supported or rejected.</li> <li>Have students engage in a class discussion about the results of each of their experiment and why they feel the results were as they were.</li> </ul>		
	Reteach:  Explain the steps of the scientific method in details. Create a flap booklet with the steps to the scientific method. Within the strap book, include each step, explanation of it in student terms, and allow students to draw an illustration of what it would look like to them.  Afterwards, lead students in completing an experiment with the teacher in a small group to implement the steps of the scientific method.	Scientific Method Chart, Science Journal, flap booklet, pencil/crayon	Science Journal
	Enrichment: Students will pull a random teacher-made science question from the bag. Students will complete the steps of the scientific method to answer the question and report their findings.	Science Journal, Bag, strips of questions	Science Journal

# Steps in Scientific Method



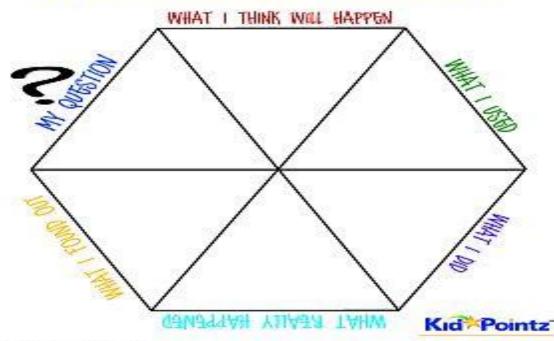
# Activity 1

GINGELPLEAD SCIENCE EXPERIMENT
Essential Question: What would have happened if the
Gingerbread Man had swam across the river by himself?
My Hypothesis:
Experiment: I put the Gingerbread Man cookie in water to see what would happen.
20 minutes elapsed time 30 minutes elapsed time My Conclusion:

# **Activity 2**



DRAW PICTURES OR WRITE ABOUT YOUR PROJECT!



# **Social Studies/ Geography**



Gingerbread Man/ Group 2
Gary Page

# Objective:



- 2. Understand everyday life in different times and places around the world.
- a. Use a map and/or globe to locate the local community, Mississippi, the United States, the seven continents, and the oceans. (DOK 1)
- b. Identify and apply cardinal directions to maps (i.e., N, E, S, W). (DOK 2

# **Essential Question:**

What are cardinal directions and why are they important?

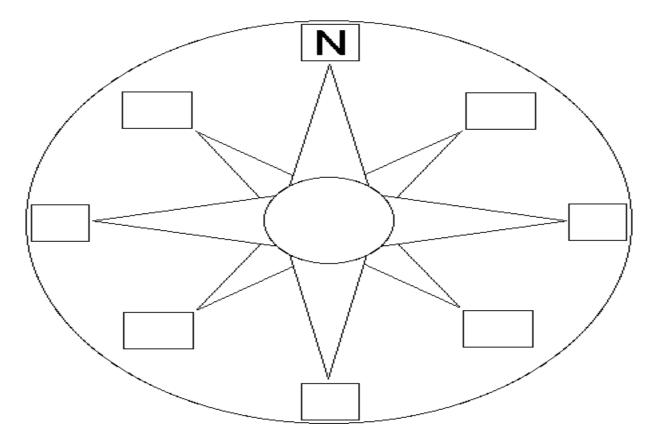
Name: GARY L PAGE	Name of Unit: Social Studies	Date: 7/16/2013	Grade Level
<u>Objective</u>	Procedures	Materials	Evaluation
Objective This is a thematic unit in the area of Social Studies; which is to introduce the basic map skills to first graders. Objectives MS Frameworks Global/International Affairs 2. Understand everyday life in different times and places around the world. b. Identify and apply cardinal directions to maps (i.e., N, E, S, W). (DOK 2)	Essential Question: What are cardinal directions and why are they important?  Students will fill out a concept map showing the different places the gingerbread man traveled during the story. Point out that the gingerbread man may have traveled forward, backwards, to the left, or to the right as he was running. After students have filled in the web, engage in a conversation about the different places the gingerbread man traveled. Explain to students that another way to give directions is to use cardinal and lateral directions. Show students a Compass Rose. Allow students to pair-share what they think the N, S, W, and E represent. Explain what each cardinal direction letter represents on the compass rose. Then allow students to pair-share and discuss what they think NW, NE, SW, and SE represent. Explain the Intermediate directions. Inform students that an easy way to remember the order of cardinal direction is to remember the following acronym Never Eat Sour Watermelon. N-North S- South NE- North West S- South East  Guided Practice: Have students to stand at their seats. Tell students we will play a game called "Gingerbread Man Says". Explain that the game is played just like "Simon Says", and explain the rules for students. Students will perform various movements as given by the teacher. (Ex. Gingerbread Man says take two steps north. Gingerbread man says take four steps west.)  Independent Practice Inform students that the Gingerbread man was in our classroom this morning, but he is now lost. He has left notes for them to use to find him. Give students the first note left by the gingerbread man. Students will follow the directions given on the notes to show their knowledge of the cardinal and intermediate directions. After each note has been found and the directions have been followed correctly, the students will locate the missing gingerbread man.	Index cards Marker	Grade Level  Students will fill in a blank cardinal and intermediate compass rose

#### Cardinal and Intermediate Directions

North	South
East	West
Northeast	Southeast
Northwest	Southwest

#### **Compass Rose**

A compass rose is a design on a map that shows directions. It shows north, south, east, west, northeast, northwest, southeast, and southwest.



On the compass rose above, only north is filled in. Fill in the rest of the directions on the compass rose, using the standard abbreviations: N=North, S=South, E=East, W=West, NE=Northeast, NW=Northwest,

SE=Southeast, SW=Southwest.

When north is at the top of the compass rose (as it often is), south is at the bottom, east is on the right, and west is on the left. Northeast is between north and east, northwest is between north and west, southeast is between south and east, and southwest is between south and west.

# The World



# RESOURCES

Daniels, H., Hyde, A., & Zemelman, Steven (2012). *Best Practices: Bringing Standards to Life in America's Classrooms*. Fourth Edition. (pp. 39-68).

Common Core Standards. Retrieved from <a href="http://www.corestandards.org/">http://www.corestandards.org/</a>. July 16, 2013.

Worksheet on telling time. Retrieved from <a href="http://www.edhelper.com/tellingtime">http://www.edhelper.com/tellingtime</a>. July 24, 2013.

Scientific Method video. Retrieved from <a href="http://studyjams.scholastic.com/studyjams/jams/science/scientific-inquiry/scientific-methods.htm">http://studyjams.scholastic.com/studyjams/jams/science/scientific-inquiry/scientific-methods.htm</a>. July 22, 2013.

The Gingerbread Man Story. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.enchantedlearning.com/stories/folktale/gingerbreadman/story/">www.enchantedlearning.com/stories/folktale/gingerbreadman/story/</a>