MISSISSIPPI VALLEY STATE UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL WORK SW 600 Advanced Social Work Practice with Children and Families: Direct Practice

This document does not constitute a contract with the University. It contains guidelines only.

Academic Term and Year:	Spring 2012-2013
Course Prefix and Number:	SW 600 – HE1
Course Title:	Advanced Social Work Practice with Children and Families: Direct Practice
Credit Hours:	3
Days, Time and Location of class:	Daily- Online/Hybrid Monday, 6:00-8:40pm 2 nd Floor William Sutton Administration Room 232
Professor:	Catherine Singleton-Walker, Ph.D., LMSW
Office Location:	Department of Social Work William Sutton Administration Building, Suite 118
Office Hours:	Tuesday 1:-4:30; Wednesday 2-5; Thursday 1:00-430; and other times by appointments only.
Office Phone Number:	(662) 254-3090
Main Office Number	(662) 254-3365
Email Address:	Bb9 Email
Prerequisite:	All Social Work Foundation Courses including Foundation Field Internship and Field Seminar I

Required Technology Skills:

Students in the class are expected to be efficient in the use of computers, Basic computer skills, the internet, and PowerPoint.

CATALOG COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Preparation for specialized social work practice with children and families.

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to prepare students to become specialized social workers in practice with children and families. Students will integrate a variety of direct practice roles into their practice. Using an ecosystems perspective, students will incorporate the knowledge and skills essential to conduct multi-dimensional assessments on complex issues that include biological and psychological aspects of clients. Students will also interpret the influences of social, cultural and spiritual factors both on the presenting problems of clients and possible solutions. They will also learn to evaluate, integrate, synthesize and apply theories that incorporate strengths-based and empowerment approaches to practice with children and families. Students will incorporate an understanding of rural culture and environmental dynamics into work with children and families.

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL WORK/MSW PROGRAM MISSION

The mission of the Department of Social Work at Mississippi Valley State University is to prepare graduates to practice with individuals in need and populations-at-risk in rural areas. The Master of Social Work (MSW) Program prepares students for professional social work practice at the micro, mezzo, and macro levels. Through the curriculum, the program instills in students advanced social work knowledge, values and skills in a manner which enables students to work with diverse populations in a wide range of settings. Concurrently, special emphasis is place on social work practice with impoverished minorities living in rural regions, such as the Mississippi Delta where the University is located and committed to serve, as well as rural areas globally. Within the framework of rural social work, the area of concentration is Child and Family Welfare.

PROGRAM GOALS

The goals of the Master of Social Work Program are:

- 1. Educate students for social work positions for advanced levels of practice with individuals, families, groups, organizations and communities.
- 2. Provide students with the necessary knowledge and skills for working with diverse populations, including oppressed, minority and rural populations.
- 3. Instill in students a professional social work identity and the values and ethics of the profession.

COMPETENCIES

- 1. **EPAS Competency: 2.1.1** Identify as a professional social worker and conduct oneself accordingly.
- 2. **EPAS Competency: 2.1.2** Apply social work ethical principles to guide professional practice.
- 3. **EPAS Competency: 2.1.3** Apply critical thinking to inform and communicate professional judgments.
- 4. **EPAS Competency: 2.1.4** Engage diversity and difference in practice.
- 5. EPAS Competency: 2.1.5 Advance human rights and social and economic justice.
- 6. **EPAS Competency: 2.1.6** Engage in research-informed practice and practice-informed research.

- 7. **EPAS Competency: 2.1.7** Apply knowledge of human behavior and the social environment.
- 8. **EPAS Competency: 2.1.8** Engage in policy practice to advance social and economic well-being and to deliver effective social work practice
- 9. EPAS Competency: 2.1.9 Respond to contexts that shape practice
- 10. **EPAS Competency: 2.1.10(a)–(d)** Engage, assess, intervene, and evaluate with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities
- 11. **Rural Competency: 2.1.11** Demonstrate knowledge and skills to apply a biopsychosocial-cultural-spiritual perspective in advanced social work practice with children and families.
- 12. **Rural Competency: 2.1.12** Integrate knowledge of rural values and customs into autonomous social work practice with children and families.

Course Competencies	Practice Behaviors	Assessment of Practice Behaviors
EPAS Competency: 2.1.1 Identify as a professional social worker and conduct oneself accordingly.	Function within clearly-defined professional roles and boundaries based on the needs of the client, the agency context, the type of services provided, and differential use of self. (2.1.1b)	Family Assessment Individual Assessment & Treatment Plan
	Demonstrate professional demeanor in behavior, appearance, and communication appropriate for the clinical relationship and setting. (2.1.1d)	Group Therapy Intervention Bio-psychosocial Assessment
		Bibliotherapy Intervention
EPAS Competency: 2.1.2 Apply social work ethical principles to guide professional practice.	Integrate the use of complex social work practice knowledge and skills in the application of social work values and ethics with children and families. (2.1.2a)	Family Assessment Individual Assessment & Treatment Plan
	Apply ethical decision-making skills in working with rural children and families. (2.1.2b)	Group Therapy Intervention Bio-psychosocial Assessment

EXPECTED CORE COMPETENCIES & PRACTICE BEHAVIORS

		Case Assessment & Documentation
EPAS Competency: 2.1.3 Apply critical thinking to inform and communicate professional	Evaluate, integrate, synthesize, and apply theories, incorporating strengths-based approaches to	Family Assessment
judgments.	practice with children and families. (2.1.3a)	Bio-psychosocial Assessment
	Critically evaluate, select, and	Family
	implement evidence-informed assessment, intervention, and	Assessment
	evaluation tools and techniques with rural children and families. (2.1.3b)	Bio-psychosocial Assessment
		Individual Assessment & Treatment Plan
	Communicate effectively, in oral and written form, with diverse clients and with other	Group Therapy Intervention
	professionals. (2.1.3c)	Bibliotherapy Intervention
		Case Assessment & Documentation
EPAS Competency: 2.1.4 Engage	Accurately identify and assess	Individual
diversity and difference in practice.	issues among diverse client populations in a rural environment (2.1.4b)	Assessment & Treatment Plan
		Bio-psychosocial Assessment
		Family assessment
	Recognize how factors related to diversity may influence client functioning and help-seeking behaviors (214a)	Individual Assessment & Treatment Plan
	behaviors. (2.1.4c)	Bio-psychosocial Assessment
		Family

		Accomment
	Implement assessment, develop	Assessment
	and implement intervention, and	Individual
	use evaluation tools that are	Assessment &
	culturally sensitive and	Treatment Plan
	appropriate to diverse clients.	
	(2.1.4d)	Bio-psychosocial
	()	Assessment
		Family
		Assessment
EPAS Competency: 2.1.6 Engage	Generate and apply research	Bibliotherapy
in research-informed practice and	knowledge to critical discussions	Intervention
practice-informed research.	on best practices for children and	
	families. (2.1.6b)	Individual
		Assessment &
		Treatment Plan
		Group Therapy
		Intervention
		Individual Dlay
		Individual Play Therapy
		Intervention
EPAS Competency: 2.1.7 Apply	Integrate knowledge of rural	Family
knowledge of human behavior and	values and customs into	Assessment
the social environment.	autonomous social work practice	rissessment
	with children and families.	Individual
	(2.1.7a)	Assessment &
		Treatment Plan
	Apply appropriate theories,	Bibliotherapy
	models, and research to diverse	Intervention
	client systems and circumstances.	
	(2.1.7b)	Group Therapy
		Intervention
	Demonstrate the ability to	Family
	critically evaluate and select from	Assessment
	multiple theories when working with children and families.	Individual
		Individual
	(2.1.7d)	Assessment & Treatment Plan
		rieatinent Plan
		Bio-psychosocial
		Assessment
		Assessment

		Family Assessment
EPAS Competency: 2.1.10(a)–(d) Engage, assess, intervene, and evaluate with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities	Conduct multidimensional assessments on complex issues that include client system and environmental strengths and stressors such as cultural, economic and social/relationship factors. (2.1.10a)	Family Assessment Individual Assessment & Treatment Plan Bio-psychosocial Assessment
	Apply bio-psycho-social-cultural- spiritual perspective in advanced social work practice with children and their families. (2.1.10b)	Family Assessment Individual Assessment & Treatment Plan Bio-psychosocial Assessment
Rural Competency: 2.1.11 – Demonstrate knowledge and skills to apply a bio-psychosocial-cultural- spiritual perspective in advanced social work practice with children and families.	Utilize advanced social work knowledge, value and skills in order to appropriately assess and intervene in the lives of children and families in a rural setting. (2.1.11a)	Family Assessment Individual Assessment & Treatment Plan Bio-psychosocial Assessment
Rural Competency: 2.1.12 – Integrate knowledge of rural values and customs into autonomous social work practice with children and families.	Demonstrate knowledge of local resources in rural settings in order to effectively empower children and families to enhance their capacities. (2.1.12a)	Family Assessment Individual Assessment & Treatment Plan Bio-psychosocial Assessment Case Assessment & Documentation

COURSE REQUIREMENTS

Required Textbooks:

- American Psychiatric Association (2000). *Diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders* (*Rev.* 4th ed.). Washington: American Psychiatric Association.
- Timberlake, E.M. & Cutler, M.M. (2001) *Developmental play therapy in clinical social work*. Needham Heights, MA: Allyn and Bacon.
- Webb, N.B. (2011). Social work practice with children. (3rd ed.) New York: The Guilford Press.

Supplemental Text/Materials:

- Coady, N. & Lehmann, P. (2008). *Theoretical perspectives for Direct Social Work Practice*. New York: Springer Publishing Company, LLC.
- Drewes, A. A. (2009). *Blending play therapy with cognitive behavioral therapy: Evidence-Based and other effective treatments and techniques.* Hoboken, New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- Pomeroy, E. & Wambach, K. (2003). *The clinical assessment workbook: Balancing strengths and differential diagnosis.* California: Brooks/Cole.
- National Association of Social Workers (2008). Code of ethics of the National Association of Social Workers. National Association of Social Workers.

Toys and other counseling materials used in play therapy will be provided. Student may wish to use some of their personal materials when learning about play therapy. Reading will also be assigned from other sources which will be on reserve in the J. H. White Library.

Class Attendance Policy:

Each student is required to participate in using Blackboard Communication Tools, taking online exams, and other aspects of Blackboard. You are expected to log in regularly (**daily**, perhaps several times per day) to submit assignments, check grades, personal messages, and view course materials. Student(s) who fail to participate in the online course during a course week will be deemed absent for that week. The absence will be annotated as <u>absent unexcused</u> (AU), unless the instructor has been informed beforehand and deemed the absence as <u>absent excused</u> (AE). The instructor shall report all absences to the main campus as required. A student who has not participated for 7 consecutive days regardless if the absences were deemed AU or AE shall be recommended for administrative withdrawal to the main campus. In a traditional classroom just because a student contacts the instructor and is excused from a scheduled class meeting does not mean the student is given credit for participation or attendance. The student is still annotated as AU or AE. **The online classroom shall be no different in this respect.** It is the instructor's sole discretion as to what he/she shall consider AU or AE.

Policy and Procedure on Cheating and Plagiarism:

Philosophy

Honesty and integrity are essential values of Mississippi Valley State University's mission to pursue truth and knowledge. All persons – administrators, faculty, staff, and students – share the responsibility for achieving high standards of excellence. Academic dishonesty of any kind negates this mission and is antithetical to the development of morally and ethically sound human beings. Therefore, Mississippi Valley State University will not tolerate cheating or plagiarism in any form. Cheating and plagiarism compromise the process of fair and equitable evaluation conferred by the University. Students who engage in such activities deny themselves the opportunity to benefit from accurate assessment and feedback and prevent full academic and personal development.

Responsibility

Although the faculty of Mississippi Valley State University is responsible for establishing the standards for moral and academic excellence in teaching and learning, these standards can be reached only with the cooperation and support of students. Each student is expected, therefore, to accept responsibility for maintaining honesty and integrity in all endeavors inside and outside the classroom, studio, or laboratory. Faculty encourages ethical behaviors by: establishing an atmosphere of respect in the classroom; stating clearly on the syllabus their standards and expectations for academic performance, structuring learning situations that encourage honesty and deter cheating and plagiarism; and for presenting and enforcing the University's policy on academic dishonesty.

Definitions

Cheating is the actual or attempted practice of fraudulent or deceptive acts for the purpose of improving one's grade or obtaining course credit. Such behavior also includes assisting another student in such practice. Although cheating is often associated with examinations, it is the intent of this definition that the term "cheating" not be limited to examination situations only, but also that it includes any and all actions by a student that are intended to gain an unearned academic advantage by fraudulent or deceptive means.

Plagiarism is a specific type of cheating which consist of the misuse of the published and/or unpublished works of others by misrepresenting the intellectual property of others as one's own ideas or works.

Academic Sanctions for Cheating or Plagiarism

When a faculty member responsible for a course has reason to believe that an action of a student falls within one or both of the aforementioned definitions, the faculty member should initiate a conference with the student to present the student with the charge and the evidence. If the student admits to the wrong doing, the instructor shall impose an academic sanction. The instructor has the prerogative of lowering the grade, assigning a grade of "0" or "F" for the work submitted,

assigning an "F" for the entire course, or recommending another penalty, including dismissal from the University. In the advent that the student does not admit wrong doing or that no mutually agreeable settlement is reached as a result of the faculty-student conference, the faculty member will consult the department chair. (See page 33 for examples).

Make-Up Examination Policy:

It is the responsibility of the student to request to make up an examination within one week following the missed examination. The decision rests with the class instructor as to whether a student will be allowed to make up the test. The decision will be based on whether the instructor considers the reason for missing the examination to be justifiable.

Teaching/Learning Strategies:

Various teaching methods will be used to meet the core competencies and to stimulate discussions in the classroom. Students are expected to participate in discussion and share their thoughts regarding issues being discussed. This class will be formatted to accommodate the use of videos, assigned readings, presentations, and lectures. Guest speakers will also be invited to share knowledge and experiences in policy development and advocacy to help students to understand better about macro practice.

Submission of Work:

Scheduled assignments MUST be completed and successfully submitted through the MVSU Blackboard Upload Assignment Page by due date and time. Assignments automatically become unavailable after the due date/time expires. Every assignment should have a cover page, and the cover page and the assignment should be in the same electronic file in the right order. All assignments MUST be keyed using MS Word (saved as a .doc file); and no multiple submissions will be allowed.

Course Drops/Incompletes:

Students not completing the course for any reason are required to submit official drop notices to the Registrar's Office prior to the deadline date. This is your responsibility. Failure to comply with the procedure <u>WILL</u> result in your receiving a letter grade of "F".

Not officially withdrawing from the university may impact your financial aid and result in you owing the university.

Online Communication Observation of "Netiquette"

Students MUST use Blackboard mail for contact with the instructor and other members of the class. All your online communications should be composed with fairness, honesty and tact. What you put into an online course reflects on your level of professionalism.

Technology Infusion:

Hardware:	Windows 98, 2000, NT, XP or a
Operating System:	Macintosh System 8.1 or higher
Processor:	200 MHz or higher
Memory:	32 MB of RAM
H Drive Space:	100 MB free disk space
Modem:	28.8 kbps or higher
Monitor:	800x600 resolution

Software:	Any Internet Service Provider	
Internet Access:		
Browser:	Internet Explorer, Netscape r 4.7 or	
	higher*, AOL 5.0 or higher**	
Application	Recommend Microsoft Word or	
	application file name .doc	
Audio & Video:	RealPlayer, Quick Time	

Technical Problems:

If you experience technical/computer difficulties (need help downloading browsers or plug-in, logging into your course, using your course web site tools, or experience errors or problems while in your online course), contact **MR. MACK PENDLETON** at 662.254.3114 as well as your instructor.

Americans with Disabilities Act (Special Needs Policy)

Students who believe that they may need accommodations in this class are encouraged to contact the Americans with Disabilities (ADA) Coordinator at 662-254-3446. It is the policy of the Department of Social Work to accommodate students with disabilities pursuant to federal and state law. Students, however, must self-identify with the ADA Coordinator at MVSU. Any student registered at the University with a disability and who needs special accommodations should inform the instructor at the beginning of the course.

Required Tasks/Activities:

1. **Bio-psychosocial Assessment:** Students will interview the parent(s) of a child or adolescent (ages 6-17) to conduct a bio-psychosocial interview; this can be a family member, family friend, etc. Please do not use the child's real name and address; however, other information can be documented. When interviewing children you must collaborate and receive information from the historian (parent or guardian). After gathering the data about the child, each student will write up the bio-psychosocial assessment and submit via Blackboard under assignments by the due date. It is highly suggested that students refer to chapter 6 of Timberlake and Cutler to help them understand the entire assessment process.

Students must use the bio-psychosocial assessment format that is provided in the attachment in Bb9 under the assignment.

2. Clinical Assessment & Treatment Plan: Students will use the assigned case study to complete an individual assessment and treatment plan. Student will use the format provided as an attachment for Case Summary Report. After completing the individual assessment, students will complete a treatment plan. Students must use evidence-based treatment intervention. This evidence must be documented in the rationale for treatment. Make sure you rule out any diagnosis that are appropriate to be ruled out. Make sure you have a cover page and a reference page.

- 3. **Family Assessment & Treatment Plan:** Students will use the assigned case study to complete a family assessment and treatment plan. Student will use the format provided as an attachment for Case Summary Report. After completing the individual assessment, students will complete a treatment plan. Students must use evidence-based treatment intervention. This evidence must be documented in the rationale for treatment. Make sure you rule out any diagnosis that are appropriate to be ruled out. Make sure you have a cover page and a reference page.
- 4. Group Therapy Intervention: a) Students will research an assigned diagnosis which will include the appropriate treatment modality; b) students will conduct a therapeutic group to address this diagnosis; c) one student will serve as the social worker (leader of group) and the remainder of the group; members will play the role of children or adolescents participating in group. d) you are to select a characteristic or behavior of the diagnosis to address in group; e) each group will use a therapeutic group technique appropriate for children and or adolescents to address the assigned diagnosis; f) please see the chart below with the assigned diagnosis and age group of the group participants; f) make sure your group activity is appropriate for the age group and the diagnosis; g) parents are not a part of this group activity; h) to start the group you must have an introduction which will include group goal(s) and objective(s) no more than two of each; i) the introduction will allow group member to tell their name (role play), diagnosis and age and; j) each group member will prepare an annotated bibliography with a minimum of six scholarly sources; three of which should address the treatment modality (i.e. cognitive behavior, behavior, etc.) and three which should discuss using group intervention for the disorder. NOTE: Your annotated bib must be different from group members. Submit work under Group Therapy Intervention by due date. Be creative and play this out as if you are truly conducting a group.
- 5. Bibliotherapy Intervention: Students will use bibliotherapy in an individual therapy session with a child or adolescent to address the assigned diagnosis. Please see the chart in Bb9 under assignment as an attachment with the assigned diagnosis and age group of participants. Make sure your book or literature is appropriate for the age group and the diagnosis. Parents are not a part of this activity. You will take on the role of the therapist and you can select one of your classmates to play the child's role. You are to select a characteristic or behavior that is prevalent for the diagnosis to address through the use of bibliotherapy. Make sure you bring to class a two page summary of the diagnosis being addressed in bibliotherapy and why you choose this particular material/book. Include your goal(s) and objective(s) for therapy. There should only be two group goals and objectives. Information on the diagnosis should be based on scholarly literature within the last five years. You must also discuss the use of bibliotherapy as an intervention (based on literature) for this diagnosis. Make sure you have a cover page and a reference page. You will upload this information into Bb9 under assignment.
- 6. Individual Play Therapy Intervention: Students will demonstrate assigned play therapy technique to the class. Student will research assigned play therapy technique using scholarly literature to support the use of the technique. Student will submit a one to two page paper discussing the technique. The paper must include: a) an introduction/overview of the play therapy technique; b) the appropriate population including age group, diagnosis, etc. for the technique; c) appropriateness of the intervention for group or individual activity; d) what

treatment modality supports the use of the activity; e) it is highly suggested that you read chapter 7 in Webb & chapter 1 pages 22-26 in Timberlake and Cutler to help strengthen your understanding about play therapy.

7. Clinical Documentation: Students are required to write four clinical SOAP notes: the first will document the interview of a child or adolescent including the parents' interview as part of the bio-psychosocial assessment; the second note will document a follow-up with a child or adolescent who express suicidal thoughts; the third note will document a follow-up office visit after the child or adolescent no longer has suicidal thoughts; the fourth note will document the termination of services for a child or adolescent client.

8. Mid-Term Examination

9. Final Examination

Evaluation Procedures:

Performance Standards/Grading Policy

Assessments

	Value	Points	Assignment Due
Bio-psychosocial Assessment	1@100	100	February 4, 2013
Clinical Documentation I	1@ 25	25	February 11, 2013
Clinical Assessment & Treatment Plan	1@100	100	February 18, 2013
Clinical Documentation II	1@ 25	25	February 25, 2013
Group Therapy Intervention	1@100	100	March 4, 2013
Mid-Term Examination	1@100	100	March 4-8, 2013
Individual Play Therapy Intervention	1@100	100	March 18, 2013
Bibliotherapy Intervention	1@ 100	100	March 25, 2013
Family Assessment & Treatment Plan	1@ 100	100	April 8, 2013
Clinical Documentation III	1@ 25	25	April 22, 2013
Clinical Documentation IV	1@25	25	April 29, 2013
Final Examination—Online	1@100	100	May 6, 2013
Class Participation	10@ 2		
Tota	ıl	900	

Grading Scale:

Α	≥810	90% and above
В	720-809	80% to 89%
С	630-719	70% to 79%
D	540-629	60% to 69%
F	≤ 5 39	59% and below

*While a grade of "C" is passing, a student may not make more than two C's in the Program. * A grade of "D" is failing

COURSE ACTIVITIES	
Week 1	Bb9 Orientation
January 14, 2013	-Review of Syllabus
Meet in class	-Review NASW Code of Ethics
	-Research and review Ecosystems Perspective and Strengths
NOTE:	Perspectives
Students must read	
chapters prior to	Nick Coady & Peter Lehmann: Chapter 4 Critical Ecological
attending class	Systems Theory
Check Bb0 daily amail	Webb-An Ecological-Developmental Framework for Helping
Check Bb9 daily email & message board.	Children:
& message board.	Chapter 1: The Challenge of Meeting Children Needs
	Chapter 2: Necessary Background for Helping Children
Week 2	HOLIDAY NO CLASS
January 21, 2013	Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Birthday
Week 3	Students Must read chapters prior to attending class
January 28, 2013	Students Must read chapters prior to attending class
January 28, 2013	Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 1: Developmental Play Therapy
January 28, 2013	
January 28, 2013	Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 1: Developmental Play Therapy in Clinical Social Work
January 28, 2013	Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 1: Developmental Play Therapy in Clinical Social Work Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 2: Therapeutic Alliance and
January 28, 2013	Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 1: Developmental Play Therapy in Clinical Social Work
January 28, 2013	Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 1: Developmental Play Therapy in Clinical Social Work Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 2: Therapeutic Alliance and Developmental Change Process
January 28, 2013	 Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 1: Developmental Play Therapy in Clinical Social Work Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 2: Therapeutic Alliance and Developmental Change Process Webb Chapter 3:Building Relationships with All Relevant
January 28, 2013	Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 1: Developmental Play Therapy in Clinical Social Work Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 2: Therapeutic Alliance and Developmental Change Process
January 28, 2013	 Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 1: Developmental Play Therapy in Clinical Social Work Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 2: Therapeutic Alliance and Developmental Change Process Webb Chapter 3:Building Relationships with All Relevant Systems
January 28, 2013	 Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 1: Developmental Play Therapy in Clinical Social Work Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 2: Therapeutic Alliance and Developmental Change Process Webb Chapter 3:Building Relationships with All Relevant Systems Webb Chapter 4: Bio-psychosocial Assessment of the Child.
January 28, 2013	 Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 1: Developmental Play Therapy in Clinical Social Work Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 2: Therapeutic Alliance and Developmental Change Process Webb Chapter 3:Building Relationships with All Relevant Systems

COURSE ACTIVITIES

Week 4	Scholarly Dialogue & Interactive Clinical Activity
February 4, 2013	Bio-psychosocial Assessment Due
1 cordary 4, 2010	• Dio psychosocial Assessment Due
Class on Bb9	Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 6: Parent Interviews in Bio- psychosocial Assessment of Children
	Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 7: Child Interviews in Bio- psychosocial Assessment and Planning
	Chapter 2 of Coady and Lehmann: The Science and Art of Direct Practice: An Overview of Theory and an Intuitive- Inductive Approach to Practice
	Chapter 2 of Coady and Lehmann: The Problem-Solving Model: A Framework for Integrating the Science and Art of Practice
	Required Articles: Baker, B. L., McIntyre, L. L., Blancher, J., et. al. (2003). Pre-school children with and without developmental delay: Behavior problems and parenting stress over time. <i>Journal of Intellectual</i> <i>Disability Research</i> , 47, 317-230.
	Reams, R., Friedrick, W. (1994). The efficacy of time-limited play therapy with maltreated preschoolers. <i>Journal of</i> <i>Clinical Psychology</i> , 50, 889-899.
	Discuss the use of an ecosystems perspective in direct social work practice with children.
	A case study will be presented for classroom discussion.
	We will also discuss strengths and empowerment approaches (Risk and resilience perspective in working with children)
Week 5	Scholarly Dialogue & Interactive Clinical Activity
February 11, 2013	Clinical (SOAP) Documentation bio-psychosocial
Meet in classroom	assessment
	DSM-IV-R: Introduction xxiii-xxxv
	DSM- IV-TR: Cautionary Statement xxxvii-p12
	DSM-IV-TR: Classification p13
	DSM-IV-TR: Multiaxial Assessment 27-37
	Assessing for Suicidality

	Chapter 5 of Timberlake and Cutler: Concurrent Parent Work Chapter 8 of Timberlake and Cutler (Integrating Cognitive Behavioral Theory) (Use of Play Therapy) Chapter 7 of Webb: Individual Play Therapy
Week 6	Scholarly Dialogue & Interactive Clinical Activity
February 18, 2013	Clinical Assessment & Diagnosis
Class Bb9	Chapter 4 Timberlake and Cutler: Developmental Change Process across Treatment Stages
Video 1—Systems of	
Psychotherapy:	Chapter 5 of Webb: Contracting, Planning Interventions, and
Cognitive Therapy	Tracking Progress
(Judith S. Beck,	Chapter 6 of Webb, Werking with the Family
Ph.D.)	Chapter 6 of Webb: Working with the Family
Video 2—Cognitive- Behavioral Therapy (John Krumboltz, Ph.D.)	Required Article: Barrio, C. A. (2007). Assessing suicide risk in children: Guidelines for developmentally appropriate interviewing. <i>Journal of Mental Health Counseling</i> , 29(1), 50-66.
Week 7	Scholarly Dialogue & Interactive Clinical Activity
February 25, 2013	Clinical (SOAP) Documentation—Abuse & Neglect
Meet in classroom	Case
	Drewes Chapter 1: The Therapeutic Powers of Play and Play Therapy
	Coady and Lehmann Chapter 6: Attachment Theory
	Coady and Lehmann Chapter 9: Cognitive-Behavioral Theory and Treatment
Week 8	Scholarly Dialogue & Interactive Clinical Activity
March 4, 2013 Meet in classroom	Simulation of Group Therapy Intervention
	Chapter 8 of Webb Group Work with Children
Mid-term Exam online March 4-8	Webb Chapter 9: School-Based Interventions

	Drewes Chapter 3: An Illustration of Science and Practice: Strengthening the Whole Through Its Part		
	Chapter 13 of Timberlake and Cutler: Evaluating Therapeutic Change		
Week 9 March 11, 2013	SPRING BREAK		
Week 10 March 18, 2013 Meet in classroom	Scholarly Dialogue Simulation of Individual Play Therapy 		
	Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 9: Attachment Problems		
	Read Coady & Lehmann (Electronic Online Library) Chapters 6 Attachment Theory		
Week 11 March 25, 2013 Meet in classroom	 Scholarly Dialogue & Interactive Clinical Activity Simulation Bibliotherapy Intervention 		
	Webb Chapter 10: Children Living in Kinship and Foster Home Placements		
	Webb Chapter 11: Single-Parent Divorcing and Blended Families		
	Webb Chapter 12: Children in Families Affected by Illness and Death		
Week 12 April 1, 2013	HOLIDAY EASTER MONDAY		
Week 13	Scholarly Dialogue & Interactive Clinical Activity		
April 8, 2013	Family Assessment & Treatment Plan		
Meet in classroom	Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 10: Learning Disabilities and Attention-Deficit Disorder		
	Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 11: Anxiety Disorders		
	Timberlake and Cutler Chapter 12: Post-Traumatic		
	Read Drewes Chapter 16: CBPT: Implementing and Integrating		

	CBPT Into Clinical Practice
Week 14	Scholarly Dialogue & Interactive Clinical Activity
April 15, 2013	
Class Bb 9	Read Drewes Chapter 17: Play Therapy Techniques for Affect Regulation
Video—Healing Neen Video—Behind Closed Doors	Read Drewes Chapter 18: Building Self-Esteem, Coping, Skills, and Changing Cognitive Distortions
	Read Drewes Chapter 19: Playful Strategies to Manage Frustration: The Turtle Technique and Beyond.
	Webb Chapter 13: Children in Substance-Abusing Families
	Webb Chapter 14: Child Victims and Witnesses of Family and Community Violence
	Required Article:
	Webster-Stratton, C., Reid, M. J., & Hammond, M. (2004). Treating children with early-onset conduct problems: Intervention outcomes for parent, child, and teacher training. Journal of Clinical <i>Child and Adolescent</i> <i>Psychology</i> , 33, 115-124.
Week 15	Scholarly Dialogue & Interactive Clinical Activity
April 22, 2013	Clinical (SOAP) Documentation—Client suicidal
Meet in Classroom	Read Webb Chapter 15: The Interpersonal Violence of Bulling: Impact on Victims, Perpetrators, and Bystanders/Witnesses
	Read Drewes Chapter 20: Narrative Approaches: Helping Children Tell Their Stories Tse, J. (2006).
	Drewes Chapter 15: Sandtray Therapy
	Read Drewes Section V: Integration and Application of Play-Based Techniques with CBT pages 319-348
	Research on day treatment programs for preschoolers with disruptive behavior disorders. <i>Psychiatric Services</i> , 57(4), 477-486.

Week 16	Scholarly Dialogue & Interactive Clinical Activity
April 29, 2013	Clinical (SOAP) Documentation—Discharge Note
Meet in Classroom	Required Articles:
	Sandler, I. (2001). Quality and ecology of adversity as common mechanisms of risk and resilience. <i>American Journal of Community Psychology</i> , 29, 19-61.
	Patterson, J. (2002). Understanding family resilience. <i>Journal of Clinical Psychology</i> , 58, 233-246.
	Boykin, K., & Allen, J. (2001) Autonomy and adolescent social functioning: The moderating effect of risk. <i>Child Development</i> , 72, 220-235.
Week 17 May 6, 2013 Final Exam Online	Final Examination

SW 600 ADVANCED PRACTICE WITH CHILDREN & FAMILIES: DIRECT PRACTICE RUBRIC BIO-PSYCHOSOCIAL ASSESSMENT

STUDENT:

Completeness	12-14	9-11	6-8	3-5	0-2
	The majority of the	Bio-	Bio-	Bio-	Bio-
	components are	psychosocial is	psychosocial is	psychosocial is	psychosocial is
	present with no more	missing three to	missing three	missing five to	missing more
	than one to two	four of the	to four of the	six of the	than six of the
	components missing.	required	required	required	required
	Areas not applicable	components.	components or	components	components
	to the client are	Areas not	the area of	and /or	and /or
	indicated as such	applicable to	specialty is not	information is	information is
	Identifying	the client are	comprehensive	not	not
	Information	indicated.	and/ or sections	comprehensive	comprehensive
	Name, date of birth, age, school, religion,		that are not	and/ or sections	and/ or sections
	parents, address,		applicable to	that are not	that are not
	telephone number, parent employment &		the client are	applicable to	applicable to
	salary, household		not indicated as	the client are	the client are
	membership, referral date & source of		such.	not indicated as	not indicated as
	referral, date of			such.	such.
	assessment, & clinician's name.				
	chincian ș nănic.				
Points					
Received					
Completeness	12-14	9-11	6-8	3-5	0-2
	The majority of the	Bio-	Bio-	Bio-	Bio-
	components are	psychosocial is	psychosocial is	psychosocial is	psychosocial is
	present with no more	missing three to	missing three	missing five to	missing more
	than one to two	four of the	to four of the	six of the	than six of the
	components missing.	required	required	required	required
	Areas not applicable	components.	components or	components	components
	to the client are	Areas not	the area of	and /or	and /or
	indicated as such.	applicable to	specialty is not	information is	information is
	Presenting Problem	the client are	comprehensive	not	not

Points	(in client's own words) and History Reason for referral, chief complaint, & history of present illness.	indicated as such.	and/ or sections that are not applicable to the client are not indicated as such.	comprehensive and/ or sections that are not applicable to the client are not indicated as such.	comprehensive and/ or sections that are not applicable to the client are not indicated as such.
Received					
Completeness	12-14	9-11	6-8	3-5	0-2
	The majority of the components are present with no more than one to two components missing. Areas not applicable to the client are indicated as such. Current Family Situation Family history & current situation	Bio- psychosocial is missing three to four of the required components. Areas not applicable to the client are indicated as such.	Bio- psychosocial is missing three to four of the required components or the area of specialty is not comprehensive and/ or sections that are not applicable to the client are not indicated as such.	Bio- psychosocial is missing five to six of the required components and /or information is not comprehensive and/ or sections that are not applicable to the client are not indicated as such.	Bio- psychosocial is missing more than six of the required components and /or information is not comprehensive and/ or sections that are not applicable to the client are not indicated as such.
Points Received					
Completeness	13-15	10-12	7-9	4-6	0-3
	The majority of the components are present with no more than one to two components missing. Areas not applicable to the client are indicated as such.	Bio- psychosocial is missing three to four of the required components. Areas not applicable to	Bio- psychosocial is missing three to four of the required components or the area of specialty is not	Bio- psychosocial is missing five to six of the required components and /or information is	Bio- psychosocial is missing more than six of the required components and /or information is

Points	Development History of Child Education, medical, legal, & psychiatric.	the client are indicated as such	comprehensive and/ or sections that are not applicable to the client are not indicated as such.	not comprehensive and/or sections that are not applicable to the client are not indicated as such.	not comprehensive and/ or sections that are not applicable to the client are not indicated as such.
Received					
Completeness	13-15	10-12	7-9	4-6	0-3
	The majority of the components are present with no more than one to two components missing. Areas not applicable to the client are indicated as such. Psychosocial Assessment Summary Name, age, overall description of the child, appearance, behavior, interpersonal observation, client's environment, mental state, strengths, social, suicidal/homicidal, assessment supported by information from case & other sources, etc.	Bio- psychosocial is missing three to four of the required components. Areas not applicable to the client are indicated as such	Bio- psychosocial is missing three to four of the required components or the area of specialty is not comprehensive and/ or sections that are not applicable to the client are not indicated as such.	Bio- psychosocial is missing five to six of the required components and /or information is not comprehensive and/ or sections that are not applicable to the client are not indicated as such.	Bio- psychosocial is missing more than six of the required components and /or information is not comprehensive and/ or sections that are not applicable to the client are not indicated as such.
Points					
Received					

Completeness	13-15	10-12	7-9	4-6	0-3
	The majority of the	Bio-	Bio-	Bio-	Bio-
	components are	psychosocial is	psychosocial is	psychosocial is	psychosocial is
	present with no more	missing three to	missing three	missing five to	missing more
	than one to two	four of the	to four of the	six of the	than six of the
	components missing.	required	required	required	required
	Areas not applicable	components.	components or	components	components
	to the client are	Areas not	the area of	and /or	and /or
	indicated as such.	applicable to	specialty is not	information is	information is
	Clinical	the client are	comprehensive	not	not
	Impression/Diagnosis	indicated as	and/ or sections	comprehensive	comprehensive
	Summary of your	such	that are not	and/ or sections	and/ or sections
	impression of the		applicable to	that are not	that are not
	client, motivation for		the client are	applicable to	applicable to
	treatment, barriers to		not indicated as	the client are	the client are
	treatment, barriers to		such.	not indicated as	not indicated as
	treatment, mental			such.	such.
	status (mood & affect)				
	and cognitive aspects,				
	scales used, rule outs,				
	rationale for clinical				
	diagnosis, etc. Axis I-				
	IV.				
Points Received					
Organization &	11-13	7-9	4-6	2-3	0-1
Written Expression					
	Bio-psychosocial is	Bio-	Bio-	Bio-	Bio-
	organized into logical	psychosocial is	psychosocial is	psychosocial	psychosocial
	sections, formatted so	organized but	not well	and narrative	assessment is
	that information is	in a format	organized and	summary are	incomplete and
	easily found,	different from	data is difficult	disorganized.	or fragmented.
	professional in	the one	to locate or the	Document is	Five or more
	appearance, free of	suggested. The	narrative	unprofessional	spelling or
	spelling and	narrative	summary is	in appearance.	grammatical
	grammatical errors	summary is	disorganized.	Five or more	errors present.
	and summary is	well organized,	Document is	spelling or	
	professionally stated	missing	missing the	grammatical	

	using clinical	sectional	sectional	errors present	
	language.	headings but pages are still professional in appearance. One to two grammatical errors are present and summary is professionally stated.	headings and pages appear unprofessional in design. Three to four spelling or grammatical errors are present and summary is professional	and or summary is not professional stated.	
		stateu.	stated.		
Points Received					
TOTAL POINTS					

Comments:

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